

1. Automation	the use of machinery, rather than people, in manufacturing and data processing	15. Quaternary sector	the economic activities that provide intellectual services - information gathering and processing, universities, and research and development
2. Deindustrialisation	the decline in industrial activity in a region or an economy	16. Secondary sector	the economic activities that involve making things, either by manufacturing (TV, car, etc.) or construction (a house, road, etc.). The sector also includes public utilities, such as producing electricity and gas
3. Flows	the movement of objects, people and ideas between places	17. Sweatshop	a place of work where very poorly paid employees work long hours in unsatisfactory and often unsafe conditions
4. Foreign Direct Investment (FDI)	when a business from one country invests money in a company in another country or builds its own factory or office in another country	18. Teleworking	any form of work in which telecommunications replace work-related travel (commuting)
5. Global economy	the evolving economic system that increasingly links the countries of the world; it involves the exploitation of resources and the production and marketing of goods and services	19. Tertiary sector	the economic activities that provide various services - commercial (shops and banks), professional (solicitors and dentists), social (schools and hospitals), entertainment (restaurants and cinemas) and personal (hairdressers and fitness trainers)
6. Global shift	the movement of manufacturing from developed countries to cheaper production location in developing countries	20. TNCs	Transnational company/corporation - a large company operating in several countries
7. Globalisation	the process, led by transnational companies, whereby the world's countries are all becoming part of one vast global economy		
8. Industrialisation	the process whereby industrial activity (particularly manufacturing) assumes a greater importance in the economy of a country or region		
9. Informal sector	forms of employment that are not officially recognised, e.g. people working for themselves on the streets of developing cities		
10. Networks	a system of linkages between objects, places or individuals		
11. Outsourcing	a process in which a company subcontracts part of its business to another company		
12. Players	individuals and groups who are interested in and affected by a decision-making process		
13. Primary sector	the economic activities that involve the working of natural resources - agriculture, fishing, forestry, mining and quarrying		
14. Production chain	the sequence of activities needed to turn raw materials into a finished product		